SURVEY OF THE OLD TESTAMENT, PART 26 June 20, 2018

Daniel: "God's Sovereign Plan for Israel and the Nations"

Introduction

Title						
0	The book is named after its author, Daniel ("God is My")					
0	Daniel is included in the third section of the Hebrew Bible, called "the Writings."					
	 Although Daniel was a prophet, he did not preach to 					
	Israel.					
	He was known for his great:					
	• Dan. 2:48:					
	• Ezek. 28:3:					
o Daniel is the Old Testament equivalent of, and complement to, Revelation.						
Autho	r:					
0	He was a contemporary of Jeremiah and Ezekiel.					
o He was taken into captivity in the deportation to Babylon in 6						
B.C. (1:1).						
He was a talented, tactful, and good-looking young man of						
	descent (1:4).					
	Probably around 10 years old when he was taken captive.					
0	He was a man of outstanding (1:8, Ezek. 14:14, 20).					
 His captivity and service to the king of Babylon fulfilled a specific prophecy of 						
	to King Hezekiah of Judah:					
	■ Isa. 39:7:					
0	His Babylonian name was Belteshazzar (1.7).					
0	He the Babylonian empire (1:21).					
Other	Key People:					
0	Nebuchadnezzar					
0	(Hananiah)					
o Meshach (Mishael)						
0	Abed-Nego (Azariah)					
0						
0	Cyrus					
0						
	Autho					

Date: Between 605 and 536 B.C.

o Although we don't know exactly when Daniel began writing, the events recorded in the

		book began with his in 605 B.C.				
	0	o The last dated prophecy in the book was received by Da	niel in the			
	year of Cyrus of Persia (536 B.C.)					
	0	o Since Daniel was quite in 536, w	e conclude the book must have			
		been completed not long after that date.				
Back	grou	ound and Setting				
	0	o The Book of Daniel is set against the same historical ba	ckdrop as the Books of			
		and Ezekiel.	and Ezekiel.			
		 God allowed the Babylonians to dominate, depo 	rt, and eventually destroy Judah			
		because of their idolatry.				
		 God indicated that this captivity would last for _ 	years.			
	0	o The purpose of the Book of Daniel is to assure the Israelites that even though Jud				
		Jerusalem had been destroyed, God was still in control a	and would send the			
		and restore the nation of Israel in	n His time.			
Struct	ture	re and Style				
	0	o Structure:				
		Chap. 7-12: prophecy with some				
	0	Literary Form = literature:				
		Apocalypse = "unveiling, disclosing, revealing"				
		 Truth received in from Go 	od			
		Extensive use of and syn	nbols			
		 Information about God's plans for Israel. 				
		Written in rather than po	etry.			
		Other examples = Ezek. 37-48, Zech. 1-7,				
	0	o Languages:				
		 The parts of the book pertaining mainly to the Je 	ews were written in			
		·				
		 The parts of the book pertaining mainly to the G 	entiles were written in			
		(the trade language of th	e day).			
		 From 2:4b-7:28. 				
<u>Overv</u>	iew	w (from Daniel Explained)				
I.	Da	Daniel's personal(1)				
	II.	II. God's sovereignty over Gentile nations (2-7)				
		A. Nebuchadnezzar's dream of a great	(2)			
		B. Three Hebrews in the fiery	(3)			

			C. Nebuchadnezzar's r	nadness (4)	
			C'. Belshazzar's	(5)	
		B'	. Daniel in the	den (6)	
	A	'. Danie	I's vision of the four beasts (7	·).	
I	l'. God's	loving p	urpose for Israel (8-12)		
	A	. Daniel	's vision of the	and the goat (8)	
		В.	The prophecy of the	weeks (9)	
	A	'. The pi	rophecy of the two kings (10:	1-12:12)	
ľ. Da	anieľs p	ersonal 1	future (12:13)		
Challeng	ges to th	e Book			
• Q: W	as the B	ook of C	Daniel really written by Danie	el in the sixth century B.C. or at some	
			_ time?		
C	A: Yes	s, it was	really written by the historica	Daniel described in the book. The only	reason
	why c	ritics rej	ect the early and correct date	for Daniel is because they don't want to	0
	believ	/e in	prophecy		
o Reasons we can be confident the book was written by Daniel and is not a fiction or					
	forge	ry from t	he 2nd century B.C.:		
	•	The _	states t	hat Daniel was the author.	
		•	Dan. 8:15:		
		•	See also Dan. 8:27; 9:2;10	:2, 7; 12:4,5	
	•	The Lo	ord Jesus	his authorship.	
		•	Matt. 24:15:		
	•		supports his	s authorship.	
		•	Ezek. 14:14:		
		•	See also Ezek. 14:20, 28:3		
		•	The Book of Ezekiel is gene	erally considered to be genuine and/or o	lder
			than the 2 nd century.		
		•	Daniel was probably around	d30 years old wh	nen
			chapter 14 was written. He	had already been elevated to a high pos	sition
			in Babylon and was obvious	sly well-known to and highly regarded by	the
			Jewish exiles.		
		The D	ead Sea	substantiate an earlier date of writing	g.
		•	Fragments of Daniel were o	discovered dating to as early as the 2 nd o	entury
			B.C.		
		•	A fictional, forged book wou	uld not have had time to gain wide	
			as a	authoritative.	

			studies confirm a	in earlier date of writing.
		•	It has been shown that Daniel's	is much older
			than the 2 nd century B.C.	
		•	Daniel's Persian	would have been unknown to a
			later forger.	
Chri	ist in t	<u>he Book</u>		
•	He is _		that will smite all the king	doms of the world and establish an
(eterna	ıl kingdom.		
	0	Dan. 2:34-35	44-45:	
	0	Luke 20:17-1	8:	
•	He is t	the Son of		
	0	Dan. 7:13-14		
	0	Matt. 24:30: _		
	0	Matt. 26:64: _		
•	He is t	the coming Me	ssiah	
	0	Dan. 9:25-26		
	0	Matt. 16:28: _		
	0	2 Pet. 1:16: _		
Key	Words	s and Phrases		
	0	Dream (27x)		
	0		(32x)	
	0	Interpretation	(30x)	
	0		(56x)	
		Everla	sting kingdom (2x)	
	0	Dominion (18	x)	
		Everla	sting dominion (2x)	
	0	The Most High	ı (10x)	

o The Most High God (3x)

Κe	y Them	es and Doctrines				
•	God's	sovereign	over the affairs	over the affairs of nations and the flow of human		
	history	/.				
	0	Dan. 2:20-22:				
	0	Dan. 4:17, 34-37:				
•	God's	sovereign and loving plan t	to send the Messiah a	and the nation o		
	Israel.					
	0	Dan. 2:44-45:				
	0	Dan. 9:24-26:				
•	The rig	ght way for God's people to		_ in the midst of an ungodly society.		
	0	Illustrated by the personal		of Daniel and his three friends.		
<u>Ap</u>	plicatio	<u>n</u>				
•	Are you the right way in response to the ungodliness of the world					
	around	i you?				
	0	By not	yourself with sin?			
		■ Dan. 1:8:				
	0	By taking a	for righteousr	ness?		

■ Dan. 4, 12:3: _____

■ Dan. 3:16-18: ______ at all times?

Dan. 6:10: _____

o By winning _____?