

# A Survey of the New Testament

## Lesson 20: 2 Timothy

### “Passing the Baton”

September 11, 2019

**Summary:** Paul’s last book encourages Timothy to be strong in the ministry following his own example.

**Author:** \_\_\_\_\_

- He identified himself as the author (1:1).
- As with the other Pastoral Epistles, there is really no doubt he wrote this book (3:13).
- There are references to many \_\_\_\_\_ in this book.

**Recipient:** \_\_\_\_\_ Paul’s “Son in the Faith”

- From Derbe and Lystra
- Son of a Jewish woman and a Greek father. (Acts 16:1).
- Joined Paul’s \_\_\_\_\_ journey (16:3a)
- He continued to assist Paul, even until he was in prison in Rome (Col. 1:1).
- Became Paul’s likeminded assistant (Phil. 2:19-22)
- His mother and grandmother were faithful Christians (1:5).
- He became the second link in the chain of \_\_\_\_\_ succession (2:2)

**Date:**

- The end of his second imprisonment
- The end of his \_\_\_\_\_ (4:18)
- From prison (4:13, 21a)
- AD \_\_\_\_\_

**Key Question: Was Paul imprisoned twice? Probably so...**

- We have been establishing reasons to think he was ( \_\_\_\_\_ )
  - Luke and Acts were legal defenses.
  - The Prison Epistles indicate his expectation of a release.
  - 1 Timothy records Paul leaving Timothy in \_\_\_\_\_ while he went into Macedonia.
  - Titus refers to Paul working in Crete and Nicopolis: neither is in Acts.
- There are some more reasons from 2 Timothy.
  - He changed his attitude about his prospects (4:6-8).
  - All men have \_\_\_\_\_ him (4:16), but the Prison Epistles record many being there with him.
  - He left Trophimus at \_\_\_\_\_ sick (4:20).

### Important People:

- Paul: The author
- Timothy: The recipient
- Mark: Someone who is “\_\_\_\_\_ to Paul for the ministry”

### Book Content Overview:

- Introduction (1:1-5)
  - Purpose statement (1:6-7)
  - “Stir up the gift of God which is in thee”
  - Why? Because God has not given us a spirit of fear.
- Preach with \_\_\_\_\_ (1:8-2:13).
  - Paul’s endured through persecution (1:8-2:2)
    - Preaching while imprisoned (1:8-14)
    - Preaching although \_\_\_\_\_ (1:15-18)
    - Follow Paul’s example and preach (2:1-2:2)
  - Other examples of enduring difficulty (2:3-6)
    - A soldier (3-4)
    - An athlete (5)
    - Farmer (6)
  - Reasons to endure hardship (2:7-13)
    - The truth of the \_\_\_\_\_ (2:7-10)
    - If we die with Him, we will live with Him (2:11)
    - If we suffer, we will reign (2:12a)
    - If we deny Him, He will deny us (2:12b)
    - If we lose our belief, Jesus is still \_\_\_\_\_ (2:13)
- Preach \_\_\_\_\_ (2:14-4:5)
  - Preach truth and not fables (2:14-18).
  - Preach that they must depart from \_\_\_\_\_ (2:19-21).
  - Preach without the hindrances of youthful perspectives (2:22-26).
  - Preach anticipating Perilous Times (3:1-9).
  - Preach Paul’s \_\_\_\_\_ (3:10-14).
  - Preach the Word (3:15-4:5).
- Paul’s final words (4:6-18)
  - He is ready to depart (4:6-8).
  - He is alone and in need (4:9-13).
  - Beware \_\_\_\_\_ (4:14-15).
  - The Lord strengthened Paul for his first defense when he was alone (4:16-18).
- Conclusion & Greetings (4:19-22)

**Key Theme:** \_\_\_\_\_ through Hardship

- Paul was an example to Timothy of how he should \_\_\_\_\_ his ministry even if it is difficult.
- The Roman world was not friendly to Christians by A.D. 64 when Paul was killed.
- \_\_\_\_\_ had probably experienced hardships while serving with Paul.

**Application: Let us endure through hardships as good soldiers of Jesus Christ (2:3).**