

A Survey of the New Testament

Lesson 6: John

“Jesus Is God.”

March 13, 2019

Summary: John writes to demonstrate that believing in Jesus is the only way to have life.

Purpose: John 20:31

- “That ye might _____.”
 - The word “believe” is used about 100 times.
 - John’s Gospel presents Jesus as someone who can be believed in because He is divine and has life in Himself.
- “That ye might have _____.”

Title & Author: John

- The author is not identified in the book.
- The apostle John is never mentioned by name, but he is called, “the disciple whom Jesus _____.”
- Early church fathers testified that John wrote this book.
- A Son of Zebedee and brother of James - the sons of thunder.
- He was a fisherman by trade.
- Possibly Jesus’ _____.
- One of Jesus’ inner circle.
- He personally witnessed the events of Jesus’ life.

Date:

- No date is recorded in the Bible.
- Probably the _____ Gospel written
 - Most of his information is unique to his Gospel.
 - Church traditions say that he wrote while he was at Ephesus during his later life.
- Probably written shortly before AD _____.

Key Theme:

- _____: These statements were associated with miracles that demonstrated Jesus’ _____.
 - “I am the Bread of Life” – the feeding of the 5000 showed His ability to create.
 - “I am the Light of the World” – the healing of the blind man showed His power to open the spiritual eyes of men.
 - “I AM the Good Shepherd” – the death, burial, and resurrection could only be done by God.
 - “I am the Resurrection and the Life” – the raising of Lazarus proves His divine power over death.

- _____ from Religious Rulers:
 - Jesus' actions should have proven that He was the Messiah.
 - At first, He was accepted.
 - But the religious rulers could not accept:
 - His healing on the _____
 - His claim to be God.
 - They rejected the escalating proofs until they crucified Jesus.
- "I AM...the _____."
 - "I am...the life" (14:6).
 - Life was in Him (1:4).
 - _____ in the Son of God gives everlasting life (3:16).
 - Living water will give everlasting life (4:14).
 - Jesus laid down His life and could take it up again (10:17-18).

Book Content Overview:

- Introduction (1:1-51)
 - The _____ of God (1:1-18)
 - The messenger prepares the way (1:19-34).
 - Jesus recognized as the Messiah (1:35-51).
- Beginning of Signs (2:1-3:36)
 - The first sign: The _____ (2:1-12)
 - Purifying the temple (2:13-25)
 - Second birth into eternal life (3:1-21)
 - Believing for eternal life (3:22-36)
- Continuing of Signs (4:1-11:57)
 - Samaritans receive living water (4:1-42).
 - The second sign: _____ (4:43-54).
 - The reasons for Jesus' death (5:1-47)
 - The third sign: feeding the _____ (6:1-24)
 - Many refuse the Bread of Life (6:25-71).
 - Pharisees cannot apprehend Jesus during the feast (7:1-53).
 - Pharisees try to trap Jesus with the adulterous woman (8:1-11).
 - Pharisees accuse Jesus of a false testimony (8:12-20).
 - The pretending children of Abraham try to stone Jesus (8:21-59).
 - Fourth sign: _____ (9:1-41)
 - The Good Shepherd gives His life for the sheep (10:1-21).
 - The Pharisees ignore the source of Jesus' signs (10:22-42).
 - Fifth Sign: _____ (11:1-57)
- Preparing for Death (12:1-17:26)
 - Coming death announced (12:1-36)
 - Signs _____ (12:37-43)
 - Believing in Jesus is believing in the Father (12:44-50).
 - The Last Supper (13:1-17:26)
 - The Holy Spirit will come.

- Abide in Jesus to have life.
- The _____ (18:1-19:42)
 - The arrest and trials (18:1-40)
 - The conviction (19:1-16)
 - The crucifixion (19:17-37)
 - The burial (19:38-42)
- Life Restored (20:1-21:25)
 - The _____ (20:1-10)
 - Appearances to others (20:11-21:25)

Application: “But these are written, that ye might believe that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God; and that believing ye might have life through his name.”