THE WAITING CHRISTIAN, PART 3

1. INTRODUCTION

- A. In part one we learned that a Christian is waiting first and foremost for glorification and not an earthly benefit.
- B. In part two we learned that a Christian must demonstrate his hope by living faithfully.
- C. In part three we will study how Christians can live faithfully during trials.

A. Go	od giv	ves Christians trials to help them	
i.	Believers receive special treatment because they are God's children.		
	1.	Christians earn special hardships because of their identity.	
		a. Followers of Christ: Enmity of the world (John 15:18-20)	
		b. Sons of God: Chastisement when we sin (Heb. 12:6)	
		cof heaven: Development of patience (Jam. 1:2-4)	
	2.	Christians have divine Comfort during hardship (John 15:26; 2 Cor. 1:3-4).	
	3.	Christians have God's guarantee that He is working for their eternal good if not their temporal comfort (Rom 8:28-30).	
ii.	Unl	believers may appear to have everything easy, but do not envy them.	
	1.	Unbelievers do not have the sameopposition as believers.	
	2.	Unbelievers appear to prosper (Psalm 73:1-15).	
	3.	Unbelievers have an (Psalm 73:16-20; 37:1-2, 9-10).	
B. Tı	rials a	are opportunities for Christians to demonstrate their hope with faithful living.	
		feeling while in a trial is uncertainty of what to do, but the Bible clearly reveals acrete steps of faithful living that believers must apply – even during trials.	
i.	Act	ion of Faith 1:	
	1.	Trials may be chastisement to bring us back into God's will (Heb. 12:5b-6).	
	2.	Trials may also be tests for our, to see if we will sin	
		(Judg. 2:20-23; Job 1:6-12; 2:1-6; Zech. 13:9).	

Application: Keep your relationship with God clear. Listen to the Holy Spirit and confess sins that He reveals to you.

ii.	Action of Faith 2:				
	<u> </u>	Look for promises to build your hope on.			
		a. Read (Deut. 17:19; 31:11-13; Psalm 19:11; Eph. 3:3-4)			
		b. Study (2 Tim. 2:15)			
		c(Ps. 119: 11, 16)			
		d. Meditate (Josh. 1:8; Ps. 119:97, 99, 148; 1 Tim. 4:15)			
	2.	God will direct your eyes to the promises you need at specific times (John 16:13).			
A	pplication: Love the Word of God!				
iii.	Action of Faith 3:				
	1.	Pray frequently (Ps. 55:17; Luke 21:36; Eph. 6:18)			
	2.	Pray specifically (Matt. 6:7, 11; Luke 11:11)			
	3.	Pray expectantly (Matt. 17:20-21; Luke 5:18-20; Jam. 1:5-8)			
	4.	Pray (Jam. 5:16-18; 1 Kings 18:43-44; Matt. 17:19-21)			
	5.	Pray (2 Chron. 20:1-4, 13-25; John 11:41-42; Phil. 4:6;			
		1 Thess. 5:17-18)			
A	ppli	cation: When the going gets tough, pray!			
iv.	Ac	Action of Faith 4:			
	1.	Focus on what you have not on what you want.			
		a. God has supplied your needs till now.			
		b. He will continue to supply your needs (Matt. 6:8; Phil. 4:19).			
	2.	Remember that is sinful.			
		a. Discontentment and complaints resulted in judgment for the Israelites (1 Cor. 10:10; Num. 11:4-6, 18-20, 31-33).			
		b. Discontentment is revealed by covetousness (Heb. 13:5).			
		c. Covetousness is a perilous character trait of the Last Days(1 Cor. 6:10; 2 Tim. 3:1-5; 2 Pet. 2:1-3).			
		d. Covetousness is closely related to (Col. 3:5).			
	3.	Recognize that discontentment ultimately reveals			
		a. It demonstrates that you think God's previous works were insufficient.			
		b. It proves that you His future works to also be insufficient.			

		c. Why would God want to bless someone who about His blessings?				
$\mathbf{A}_{]}$	ppli	cation: Trust God to provide for your needs; then be thankful when He does provide.				
V.	Ac	Action of Faith 5:				
	1.	Everyone has received something from God.				
	2.	Honoring Him with His gifts is the path to receiving further (2 Sam. 2:30; Pro. 3:9-10; Hag. 1:5-6, 9-10; Matt				
		25:14-30).				
	3.	In addition to tithing, God rewards our gifts to others who have need (Pro. 19:17, Phil. 4:16-19).				
Aj	ppli	cation: Show your thankfulness to God by honoring Him with your possessions.				
∕i.	Ac	tion of Faith 6:				
	1.	Beware taking the "easy way" out of a trial. a. Your heart can deceive you with false logic leading directly to sin (Pro. 14:12 Jer. 17:9).				
		b. God may, however, give a "" (1 Cor. 10:13).				
		i. A "way of escape" is not sinful or unbiblical (Jam 1:13-16).				
		ii. A "way of escape" will not lead from one trial to another (Pro. 22:3)				
		iii. A "way of escape" will not contradict your trust in God (Pro. 3:5-6).				
		iv. A "way of escape" is not simply an from hardship (Jam. 1:4).				
		v. A "way of escape" is not a shortcut to gratification (Ps. 37:4-5).				
		vi. A "way of escape" is recognized by godly counselors (Pro. 11:14).				
	2.	Beware avoiding your problems by masking them.				
		a. Ignoring a trial, hoping it will go away is a spiritually immature response.				
		b. Every trial has a divine purpose (Jer. 29:11; 1 Pet. 1:6-9).				
		c. The best way to end the test is to learn the lesson (Judg. 3:7-9a; Ps. 95:7-11).				
	3.	Beware withdrawing from other (Ecc. 4:9; Gal. 6:1-2; Heb. 10:24-25).				
	4.	Beware withdrawing from Christian (Matt. 25:14-21; Luke 18:7-8; 1 Cor. 16:3)				
\mathbf{A}	ppli	cation: Keep on keeping on!				

3. SUMMARY

- A. God specifically designs trials for His children.
- B. God does not leave His children without _____ during trials.
- C. God expects His children to maintain their faith even during trials by:
 - i. Confessing their sins.
 - ii. Building their hope on His promises.
- iii. Talking to Him about their trials.
- iv. Accepting what He has given them.
- v. _____ Him with His gifts.
- vi. Waiting patiently for the end of the trial.

4. PRINCIPLES FOR WAITING:

- A. A Christian waits first and foremost for glorification not an earthly benefit.
- B. A Christian must demonstrate his hope by living faithfully.
- C. A Christian receives trials to help him grow.
- D. A Christian succeeds in a trial when he continues living faithfully despite hardship.