

THE SUPERIOR PRIESTHOOD OF THE SON

- Text: Heb. 5:1-10
- The beginning of a new section about how Christ is better than Aaron and the entire system of Old Testament worship and sacrifices:
 - I. **THE AARONIC _____ OF THE SON (vs. 1-4)**
 - Requirements for those holding the office of high priest:
 - Vs. 1, He had to be a _____ of the human race.
 - Vs. 2, He was able to have _____ on the ignorant and wayward since he had plenty of weakness of his own.
 - Vs. 3, He had to offer up _____ both for the people he represented and for himself.
 - Vs. 4 and 1, He was _____ by God, not himself.
 - II. **THE _____ OF THE SON (vs. 5-6)**
 - Christ didn't appoint Himself as a high priest; that title was given to Him by God the _____.
 - The same One Who had said to Him, "You are My Son" (Ps. 2:7) also called Him high priest (Ps. 110:4, 1; Matt. 22:42-45).
 - Christ is a superior High Priest to Aaron because:
 - He is a superior _____.
 - He has a superior calling:
 - After the superior _____ of Melchizedek.
 - For _____.
 - III. **THE _____ OF THE SON (vs. 7-8)**
 - These verses provide a fuller exploration of the _____ of Christ from His agony in the Garden, which shows us:
 - The _____ of Christ.
 - The holiness of Christ.
 - The _____ of Christ.
 - Jesus' first prayer (Mark 14:35-36)
 - A possibility—all things are possible unto Thee
 - A personal _____ (or desire)—take away the cup
 - A _____ (basis)—not My will but Thine be done
 - Jesus' second prayer (Matt. 26:42):
 - The _____ shifted from the personal desire to the platform of the prayer.
 - Application: Prayer is not _____ our will on God but bending our will to His.

- Vs. 7:
 - "Who in the days of His flesh" = while He was on the _____ as a member of the human race.
 - "When He had offered up prayers and supplications w/ strong crying and tears" = His prayer in the _____.
 - "Unto Him that was able to save Him from death" = the Father.
 - "And was heard in that He feared" = Jesus' prayer in the Garden was answered—not the personal desire, but the part about _____.
 - Vs. 8:
 - "Though He were a Son" = that position didn't exempt Christ from _____.
 - "Yet learned He obedience by the things He suffered" = not that Christ was ever disobedient but that He had to experience full obedience to the Father's will through _____ so He could be our Great High Priest!
- IV. THE _____ OF THE SON (vs. 9-10)**
- "And being made perfect" = He became our fully _____ Savior by His experience of suffering and death in obedience to Father's will.
 - "He became the author of eternal salvation" = our perfected Savior is the one and only _____ of eternal life (Acts 4:12, John 14:6).
 - "Unto all them that obey Him" = not that we are saved by obedient works but that we are saved by obeying the commands of the _____ to repent and believe in Christ (John 6:38-39, Acts 17:30-31).
 - If you share the _____ of the obedient Son, you will be obedient as well to the Father's will (1 Jn. 2:3, Jn. 5:28-29, Rev. 22:14).
 - Assurance of salvation is:
 - Rooted in the promises of God;
 - Fruited in an obedient _____;
 - _____ in a mature love relationship with Christ.

CONCLUSION

- Question 1: Have you _____ the gospel by repenting of sins and believing in the Savior? (Rom. 6:17, 2 Thess. 1:8-9).
- Question 2: Is the _____ of your genuine faith available for inspection in your life? (Jas. 2:20, Eph. 2:10, Jn. 15:16).
- Question 3: Are you submitting your will to your Father's will in the hard times and _____ of life, learning to pray like our Savior prayed, "Thy will be done"?